

1	Substitute	Replace letters in an expression with known values
2	Solve an equation	Calculate the missing value (fixed number of solutions)
3	Simplify an expression	Remove brackets, unnecessary terms and numbers from an expression
4	Expand	Multiply out an expression with brackets to show its terms in full
5	Coefficient	The number in front of the variable (letter)
6	Identity	A form of equals which always shows a true value (\equiv)
7	Product	The answer as a result of multiplication.
8	Factor	A whole number that divides exactly into another number
9	Factorise	To write a number as a product of its factors
10	Common factor	A whole number that divides two (or more) other numbers exactly
11	HCF	The biggest number that will divide into two or more numbers exactly
12	Expression	Mathematical statement which contains one or more terms (it can include numbers, variables and arithmetic operations)
13	Like terms	Where terms have the same or a common variable
14	Binomial	An expression containing two unlike terms
15	Quadratic	An equation containing at least one squared term
16	Inequality	Similar to an equation , but the unknown has a range of values, not just a single value.

17	Greater than (or equal to)	$> \geq$
18	Less than (or equal to)	$< \leq$
19	Formula	Equation which has a real-life application.
20	Variable	A letter used to represent any number.
21	Subject	The focus of the formula (which can be rearranged).
22	Sequence	Ordered sets of numbers, shapes or other mathematical objects, arranged according to a specific rule.
23	Term in a sequence	One of the values that features in a sequence .
24	Term-to-term	Rule which allows you to find the next term in a sequence if you know the previous term .
25	Linear	The difference between the terms is constant, which will form a straight line on a graph.
26	Non-linear	The difference between the terms is not constant, which will form a curve on a graph.
27	Fibonacci	Sequence where the next term is found by adding up the previous two terms .
28	Position	Where in a sequence a term is located.
29	Difference	The result of a larger number subtracted by a smaller number
30	Constant	A term that has a fixed value and does not contain a variable
31	Index/indices	A small number placed to the upper-right of a number showing the number of times the base number is multiplied by itself.
32	Base number	Basis of the place value number system.